Dissertation Training

at

UNICEF BIHAR

17th January 2022 to 17th July 2022

"Assessment of maternal death reporting system in

Gaya, Bihar"

by

RUCHI SINGH

PG/20/060

PGDM (Hospital and Health Management)

2020-22



International Institute of Health Management Research

New Delhi

TO WHOMSOEVER IT MAY CONCERN

This is to certify that **RUCHI SINGH**, student of PGDM Hospital and Healthcare Management from International Institute of Health Management Research, New Delhi has undergone internship training at <u>UNICEF BIHAR</u> from <u>17.01.2022</u> to <u>17.07.2022</u>.

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The internship is in fulfilment of the course requirements.

I wish him/her all success in all his/her future endeavours.

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Associate Dean, Academic and Student Affairs

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Dr. Sukesh Kumar

Mentor

IIHMR, New Delhi

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This is to certify that the dissertation titled Assessment of maternal death reporting system in Gaya, Bihar" submitted by RUCHI SINGHEnrollment No. PG/20/60 under the supervision of Dr. Sukesh Kumar for award of PGDM (Hospital & Health Management) of the Institute carried out during the period from January 2022 to May 2022, embodies my original work and has not formed the basis for the award of any degree, diploma associate ship, fellowship, titles in this or any other Institute or other similar institution of higher learning.

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This is to certify that Ms. RUCHI SINGH, a graduate student of the PGDM (Hospital & Health Management) has worked under our guidance and supervision. She is submitting this dissertation titled "Assessment of maternal death reporting system in Gaya, Bihar " at UNICEF BIHAR in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the PGDM (Hospital & Health Management).

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The following dissertation titled "Assessment of maternal death reporting system in Gaya, Bihar" at "UNICEF Bihar" is hereby approved as a certified study in management carried out & presented in a manner satisfactorily to warrant its acceptance as a prerequisite for the award of PGDM (Hospital & Health Management) for which it has been submitted. It is understood that by this approval the undersigned do not necessarily endorse or approve any statement made, opinion expressed, or conclusion drawn therein but approve the dissertation only for the purpose it is submitted.

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Annexure F

FEEDBACK FORM (Mentor)

Name of the Student:

RUCHI SINGH

Name of the Organisation in Which Dissertation Has Been Completed:

UNICEF BIHAR

Area of Dissertation:

Public health, MDR

Titile - Assessment of maternal death reporting system in Gaya, Bihar

Attendance:

100%

Objectives achieved:

Yes

Deliverables:

Study on MDR, Public health in Bihar

Strengths: Determined, hardworking

Suggestions for Improvement:

Suggestions for Institute (course curriculum, industry interaction, placement, alumni):

Signature of the Officer-in-Charge/ Organisation Mentor (Dissertation)

Date: 28th June 2022

Place: Delhi

Dissertation Writing

Dr. Sukesh Kumar

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25

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CHAPTER I: INTRODUCTION

ABSTRACT

MDR has been explicitly identified in the RCH-II National Program Implementation Plan document as a strategy. Subsequently, according to the "Guidelines for the review of Maternal Deaths", an interstate/UT maternal death review system was established.

The Indian Government initiated the maternal mortality review process in 2010, aiming to improve the quality of obstetric care and reduce maternal mortality and morbidity by exploring the gaps between the needs of pregnancy and pregnancy in the health system. Therefore, guidelines for monitoring and review of response measures for maternal deaths have been developed, focusing on timely and complete notification of maternal deaths and emphasizing the need for response actions/measures in response to the review results.

Monitoring and responding to maternal deaths is a continuous cycle of identifying, reporting and reviewing maternal deaths and then taking action to improve the quality of care in order to prevent future deaths. The entire MDSR process occurs at the community and facility level.

Community based MDSR is a method of identifying personal, family or community factors that may have contributed to the death by interviewing people such as family members or neighbours who are knowledgeable about the events leading to the death. Facility Based Maternal Death Reviews are undertaken with the objective of improving the quality of services and responsiveness of the facility in the emergency situations by assessing the

details of services provided with the help of format filled from the case sheet and by interviewing the close family members if needed.

BACKGROUND

As per latest report of National Sample Registration System (SRS), maternal mortality ratio of India for period 2016-18 is 113 per 1,00,000 live births which has declined by 17 points from 130 per 1,00,000 live births in 2014-16. [1]

The target 3.1 of Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) set by United Nations aims at reducing the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births. ^[2] Based on MMR India's current position is 119th globally. ^[3] Levels of maternal mortality vary appreciably across the regions, due to variants in underlying approaches to emergency obstetric care, antenatal care, rate of anemia among women, level of education of women and other factors. Approximately 65%-75% of the whole estimated maternal deaths in India appear in a handful of States-Bihar, Madhya Pradesh and Assam; all these states portray the 18 high center of attention states of NHM. Just Uttar Pradesh contributes greater than 30% of the maternal deaths in India. ^[4]

Current MMR state:



Fig: 1

Two-thirds of all maternal deaths result from severe bleeding following childbirth, infections following childbirth, high blood pressure during pregnancy and complications resulting from delivery and unsafe abortions. ^[5]

In order to improve the quality of obstetric care and reduce maternal mortality and morbidity the maternal death review and reporting process was initiated by Government of India in 2010 by exploring the loopholes in the health system towards the requirements of pregnancy and childbirth. Despite the fact that pregnancy is not a disease and maternal death is not contagious, both positive and negative outcomes have mortality and morbidity consequences, which calls for a public health surveillance system. ^[6]

The MDSR guidelines encompasses simple equipment for supporting States to monitor the processes such as templates for minutes of meeting, template for annual record and also supportive supervision checklists. A need for establishment of National level review mechanism and also National and State level monitoring mechanisms and systems for filling this gap was felt. National and State MDSR monitoring groups are accordingly being added under these guidelines.

Although, majority of countries have policies in place for maternal death notification and review, yet a gap remains when examining the steps beyond this, including reviewing and reporting at an aggregate level involving civil societies and communities. [7]

Estimates for maternal deaths do not provide sufficient information for targeted action to end preventable maternal deaths. Without quality information on where, when and why maternal deaths occur, we cannot begin to tackle the real causes of maternal mortality. Better information is an essential requirement for better health. [8]

The entire MDSR process occurs at the community and facility level. CB-MDSR (Community based maternal death surveillance and response review) is a method of interviewing family members or neighbors who caused death to determine the personal, family or community factors that may cause death. FB-MDSR (Facility based maternal death surveillance and response review) is done to improve the quality of services and the ability of facility to respond in emergency situations by assessing the details of services using the case sheet format and conducting interview of close family members, when needed.

Below mentioned are various forms to be filled and annexures.

Annexure I:

Form 1: Notification form

Form 2: Block level MDR Register for all women's death (15-49 years)

Form 3: MDR Line Listing Form for All Cases of Maternal Deaths

Form 4: Confidential (Facility Based Maternal Death Review Form)

Form 5: Verbal Autopsy Questionnaire (For Investigation of Maternal Deaths)

MODULE-I, MODULE-II, MODULE-III,

Form 6: MDR Case Summary

Annexure II: The WHO Application of ICD-10 to Deaths During Pregnancy, Childbirth and

the Puerperium: ICD-MM

ANNEXURE III: Committees and Nodal Persons for MDR

ANNEXURE IV: Supportive Supervision Checklist for Maternal Death Reviews

ANNEXURE V:

Template-1: Minutes of the Meeting of Facility Based Maternal Death Review Committee

Template-2: Minutes of the Meeting of District Maternal Death Review Committee

Template-3: Minutes of the Maternal Death Review under District Collector/Magistrate

The actual reporting system following a maternal death in community is mentioned below.

ASHA reports maternal death in community on ASHWIN portal.

ASHA facilitator confirms maternal death and forwards request to respective facility's BCM

Maternal death audit is conducted to review maternal death.

Audit is conducted as per Form-5 i.e., Verbal Autopsy Format

BCM confirms payment for first reporting of maternal death

Actual maternal deaths are reported on HMIS

Since the notification form for reporting of maternal death says "Notification form for death of women of 15-49 age" which gives rise to confusion as all the deaths occurring in age group 15-49 are reported as per this form, while not all the deaths are due to maternal causes leading to rise in the number of maternal deaths of the State. Hence, to answer this problem audits are conducted in order to establish if the death was due to maternal cause or not.

CHAPTER-II: METHODOLOGY

<u>Methodological Approach</u>

This study aims at conducting maternal death audit of all reported cases from 01st January 2021 till 31st December 2021. The type of data collected was both qualitative and quantitative as both number of deaths and causes are undertaken. Primary data was collected for report making purpose.

All the deaths occurring in transit, at home and at healthcare facility were undertaken and audited.

Study Area and Study Population:

Data of District Gaya was recorded.

Duration of data collection was 1 year starting from 01st January 2021 till 31st December 2022. 29 maternal deaths were reported.

All reported deaths from all 24 blocks of Gaya were audited.

Material and Method:

- Descriptive study is conducted
- Primary data is used
- Verbal autopsy questionnaire and various forms as per mentioned in annexures of MDSR guidelines of NHM Bihar.

- Questions included were age of deceased, parity, cause of death, place of death, block, village and district.
- Data recorded in excel sheets.

Exclusion:

- Only the females falling under age group 15-49 were considered.
- Female deaths caused after 42 days of delivery and termination of pregnancy

Outcome:

- Data was analysed using Excel.
- Number of maternal deaths caused block wise was reported and analyzedx.
- Cause of maternal deaths was reported.
- Effect of parity on maternal deaths was analysed.
- All the causes for maternal deaths were studied.
- Various forms included during data collection as mentioned in MDSR guidelines were also studied.

CHAPTER III: STATISTICAL ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS

Descriptive Result of district Gaya

Table 1: Number of maternal deaths reported on ASHWIN portal v/s the incentive paid.

Month	Maternal Deaths reported	Number of maternal
	on ASHWIN portal (Jan	deaths for which incentive
	21-Dec 21)	is paid (Jan 21-Dec 21)
January	23	09
February	11	05
March	19	17
April	27	27
May	32	13
June	16	08
July	14	09
August	23	14
September	20	17
October	10	08
November	21	05

December	39	29
Total	255	161

Table 2: Number of maternal deaths reported on ASHWIN portal v/s the number of maternal deaths reported on HMIS for duration January 2021 till December 2021.

Month	Maternal Deaths reported	Maternal deaths reported
	on ASHWIN portal (Jan	on HMIS (Jan 21-Dec 21)
	21-Dec 21)	
January	23	02
February	11	03
March	19	00
April	27	00
May	32	02
June	16	00
July	14	01
August	23	02
September	20	02
October	10	01
November	21	07
December	39	09
Total	255	29

Fig 2: Cause of death analysis on basis of deaths reported on HMIS

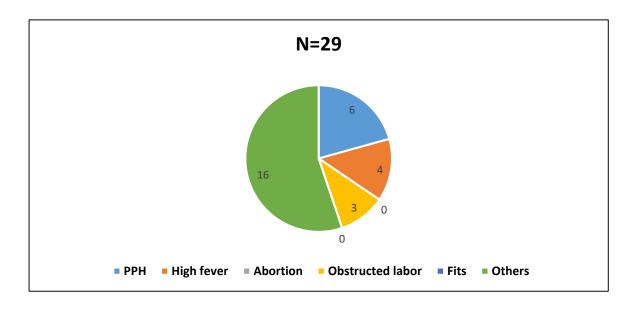
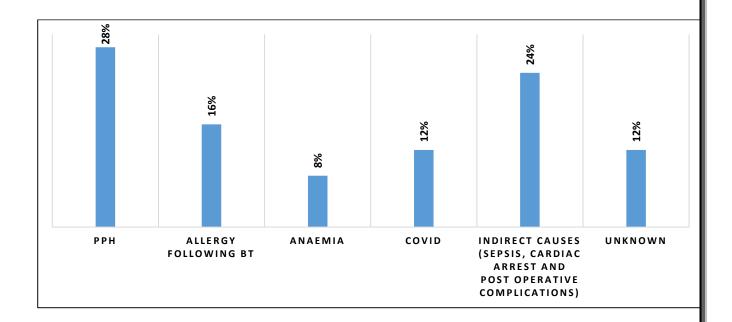


Fig 3: Cause of death analysis on basis of audits conducted



Discussion

- The descriptive results for Gaya clearly state that reporting of maternal deaths on both ASHWIN portal and on HMIS and the payment of incentive done against reported maternal death is not in synchronization. As shown in Table 1, the number of incentives paid is not as similar of the number of maternal deaths reported. One of the possible reason for this could be that payment can be done without any confirmation of audit conducted.
- The number of maternal deaths reported on ASHWIN portal starting from month January till December for year 2021 and the number of deaths reported on HMIS for same duration is again not same. Against 255 reported maternal deaths on ASHWIN

only 29 deaths were reported on HMIS as shown in Table 2. Reason behind this is that the data on portal is entered without even establishing if the death was maternal or not.

- ASHWIN portal was launched to improve the payment process for ASHAs but as shown in Table 1 only 63% of payments were done against all reported deaths. Also ASHWIN portal could be used as a platform to streamline the maternal death reporting system but is only being used as a tool for ASHA payment.
- Community based maternal death reviews are useful to get insights in the causes and contributing factors to maternal death and to identify weaknesses in the maternal health care system from community level up to hospital level. It focusses on maternal care at community and health centre level and therefore goes beyond hospital based audits of maternal death.
- Clearly the ability of verbal autopsy to identify exact cause of death is limited. An unusually high level of maternal deaths was attributed to anemia (26%), which may partly represent deaths related to hemorrhage. Earlier researchers who found that medical causes of many maternal deaths were not reported, even when a variety of community methods were used. We are aware that the distribution of medical causes of death is exact in this data set, but it does provide an idea about the major causes of maternal death (PPH) in the community, for which an appropriate strategy can be formulated. This is consistent with findings in other studies that found that verbal autopsies have limited validity in the attribution of maternal deaths to single specific medical causes and that multiple causes of death should be considered in determining program priorities.

Limitations Limited time span to conduct the study. No document of evidence of medical history due to Social Stigmas. The committee members assigned by the NHM to conduct the maternal audit have not been available in every audit. Maternal death is reported in HMIS accurately but not audited properly. The MDR can tell us a great deal about the process leading to maternal deaths. However, it cannot tell us much about the level and medical causes of maternal

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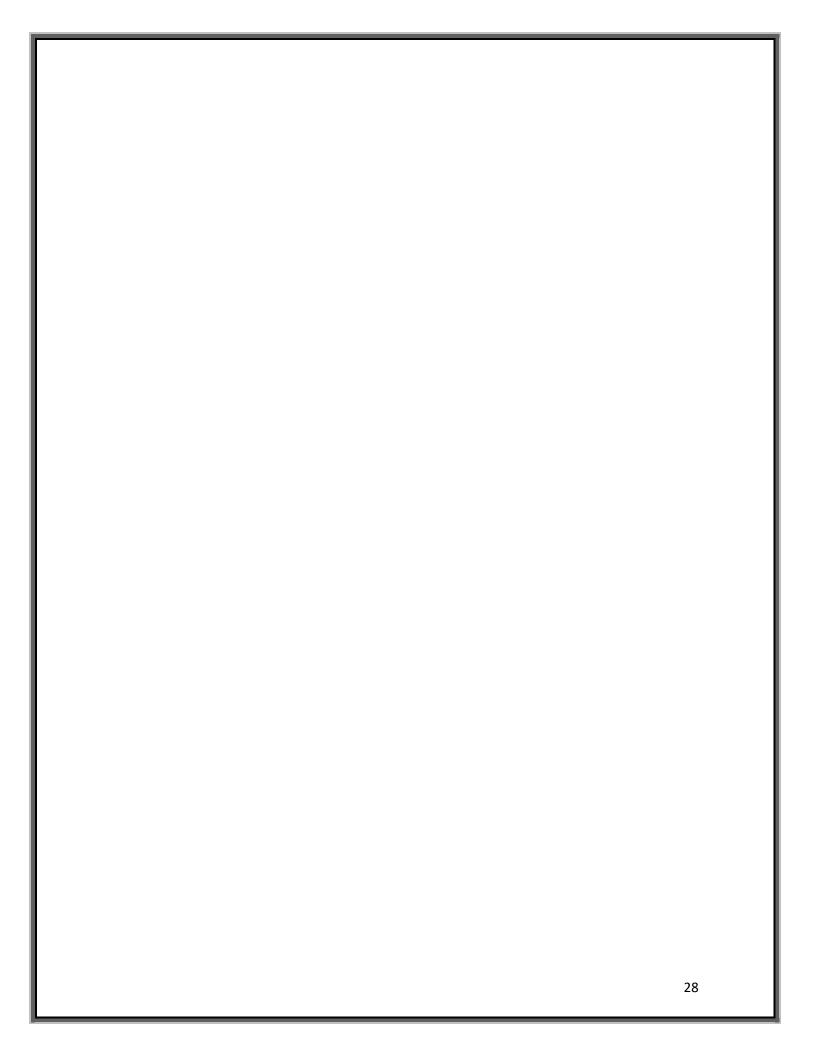
deaths.

Conclusion

The project contributed to redressing some gaps in MDR. Lack of alertness leading to intransit deaths too have contributed in maternal deaths signalling towards the need for implementation of referral protocols. Unless completeness and accuracy of information is ensured and capacity of staff enhanced for planning at district level, sustainability and impact of MDR on health systems cannot be ensured. The State government should invest resources in addressing concerns which may hamper effective implementation. There should be strong monitoring and supervision program to monitor ASHA's payment in order to maintain transparency in the mechanism.

Instrun	nentation		
	For	m 5	
	Verbal Autopsy	Questionnaire	
	FOR INVESTIGATION O	F MATERNAL DEATHS	
	NAME OF THE DISTRICT		
	NAME OF THE DISTRICT NAME OF THE BLOCK		
	NAME OF THE BLOCK		
	NAME FO THE SHC		
	NAME OF THE VILLAGE		
	NAME OF THE PREGNANT WOMAN/		
	MOTHER		
	NAME OF THE HUSBAND/OTHER		
	(FATHER/MOTHER)		
	DATE OF DEATH		
	NAME & DESIGNATION OF THE INVESTIGATOR(S)		

8.	NEUTRALITY AND IMPARTIALITY: The interviewer should not be influenced by the information provided by the field health functionaries, doctors or by the information available in the mother care register, case sheets etc.
	The format is divided into three modules:
M	DDULE - I
	is form will be used for collection of general information about the deceased woman case of all maternal deaths
M	ODULE - II
	is form should be used to collect details about maternal death during antenatal period due to abortion
M	ODULE - III
	is form should be used to collect details about deaths during delivery or postnatal



VERBAL CONSENT FORM

Instructions to Interviewer: Please ask the respondent to acknowledge her/his consent to be interviewed by checking the response below. The interviewer should sign and put date below. If the respondent does not consent to the interview, thank her/him for their time and terminate the conversation.

My name is [say your name]. I am a ____/__ at the ____ center/hospital, and an interviewer for Maternal Death Review. I have been informed that a woman (name) in your household has died recently. I am very sorry to hear this. Please accept my condolences.

The purpose of our visit is to collect information about causes of death of the woman (name) so that we can work on improving health care services which will help prevent death of other women because of similar reasons/circumstances.

Your participation will help to improve maternal and newborn care services for women and babies in your area. We would like to talk to the person in your house who took care of [say the woman's name] before death.

We will ask questions about the woman (name) who recently died. We will ask about her background, pregnancy history and events during her most recent pregnancy. We assure you that any information you or your family provide will be kept confidential and your name will not be used in any way.

Your participation in this interview is voluntary and refusal to participate will not affect you in any manner. You may discontinue participation at any time or choose to not answer any question.

The interview will take approximately one hour.

At this time do you want to ask me anything about the interview?

Answer any questions and address respondents concerns

Do you agree to participa	YES	NO	
Respondent			
Name	Signature		
Interviewer			
Name	Signature		
Date Respondent's relationshi	p with the deceased woman		

General Information

(Enclose the Primary informant form with this format)

NAME & DESIGNATION OF THE INVESTIGATOR 1	
NAME & DESIGNATION OF THE INVESTIGATOR 2	
NAME & DESIGNATION OF THE INVESTIGATOR 3	
DATE OF INVESTIGATION	

Signature of reporting person:	
Designation:	
Date:	

MODULE I

The form is intended to capture general information and information about previous pregnancy history, wherever applicable. It should be used for all the maternal deaths irrespective whether the death occurred during antenatal, delivery or postnatal period including abortion)

I	BACKGROUND INFORMATION				
1.	Name of the respondent				
2.	Name of the deceased woman				
n.	Relationship of the respondent/s with deceased woman	the			
4.	Age of the deceased woman at the time death	of	yrs		
5.	Period of Death		Yes	No (tick)	
	a) During pregnancy				
	b) During delivery				
	c) Within 42 days after delivery				
	d) During abortion or within 6 weeks abortion	after			
6.	(tick)				
	a) Home1	b) :	Sub-District Hospit	al2	1
	c) Sub-Health Centre3	d)	District Hospital	4	
	e) PHC5	f) I	Private Hospital	6	
	g) CHC7	h) 1	In-transit	8	
	i) Others, (Specify)	9	
7.	Specify the name and place of the institution or village /urban area when death occurred	е			
8.	Date & Time of Death		Date:DD/M Time::		
9.	Did the doctor or nurse at the health facility tell you the cause of death?		Go to sec II		
10.	If yes, what was the cause of death?				
II	Profile of deceased woman				
	Age at marriage		years/ Not i	married	
	Religion	a) H	lindu	1	
	[b) M	luslim	2	
		<i>8</i>) <i>8</i>	hristian hers (Specify	3	

	Caste	a) SC	1	
		b] ST		!
		c) OBC		3
		d) Genera	14	7
	BPL Status	a) BPL	1	
		b) Non-Bi	PL2	?
	Education status			
	a) Illiterate	1 b)	Completed 5° std2	!
	c) Completed 8th std	3 d)	Completed 12th std4	,
	e) Graduate	5 f) (Others (Specify)6	7
Ш	Availability of health facilities, servi	ces and tra	nsport	
	Name and location of the nearest			
	government / private facility			
	providing Emergency Obstetric Care Services			
	Distance of this facility from the			
igwdown	residence			_
	Mode of transport available to reach			
	this facility			
IV	Write 'GPLA-Gravida, Para, Live Birt	hs, Abortio	ons)	
_				
1.	Gravida			
2.	Para			
2.	Para Live Births			
2.	Para			
2.	Para Live Births Abortions Current pregnancy (To be filled from	the informa	tion given by the	
2. 3. 4. v	Para Live Births Abortions Current pregnancy (To be filled from respondents and MCP Card)	the informa	tion given by the	
2. 3. 4.	Para Live Births Abortions Current pregnancy (To be filled from respondents and MCP Card) Infant Survival			
2. 3. 4. v	Para Live Births Abortions Current pregnancy (To be filled from respondents and MCP Card)		tion given by the	
2. 3. 4. v	Para Live Births Abortions Current pregnancy (To be filled from respondents and MCP Card) Infant Survival	b) New bo		
2. 3. 4. v	Para Live Births Abortions Current pregnancy (To be filled from respondents and MCP Card) Infant Survival a) Alive	b) New bo	orn death2 plicable4	Go to
2. 3. 4. v	Para Live Births Abortions Current pregnancy (To be filled from respondents and MCP Card) Infant Survival a) Alive	b) New bo	plicable4	
2. 3. 4. v	Para Live Births Abortions Current pregnancy (To be filled from respondents and MCP Card) Infant Survival a) Alive	b) New bo	orn death2 plicable4	
2. 3. 4. v	Para Live Births Abortions Current pregnancy (To be filled from respondents and MCP Card) Infant Survival a) Alive	b) New bo	plicable4	
2. 3. 4. v	Para Live Births Abortions Current pregnancy (To be filled from respondents and MCP Card) Infant Survival a) Alive	b) New bo	orn death	
2. 3. 4. V	Para Live Births Abortions Current pregnancy (To be filled from respondents and MCP Card) Infant Survival a) Alive	b) New bo d) Not app Yes No Do not kno	orn death	
2. 3. 4. V	Para Live Births Abortions Current pregnancy (To be filled from respondents and MCP Card) Infant Survival a) Alive	b) New bo d) Not app Yes No Do not kno responses b) Sub He	plicable	
2. 3. 4. V	Para Live Births Abortions Current pregnancy (To be filled from respondents and MCP Card) Infant Survival a) Alive	b) New bo d) Not app Yes	plicable	
2. 3. 4. V	Para Live Births Abortions Current pregnancy (To be filled from respondents and MCP Card) Infant Survival a) Alive	b) New bo d) Not app Yes No Do not kno responses b) Sub He d) CHC f) Pvt. Ho	plicable	

5.	Services received during ANC (multiple response possible)	a) Tetanus Toxoid Injection		
		c) Hemoglobin test3		
		d) Abdominal Examination4		
		e) Iron Folic Acid provided5		
		f) Don't know6		
6.	Did the deceased woman have any	Yes1	Go to	
	problem during the antenatal period?	No2	Module	
		Not known3	11	
7.	What were the symptoms she had?			
	a) Head ache1	b) Edema2		
	c) Anemia3	d) High blood pressure4		
	e) Bleeding p/v5	f) No foetal movements6		
	g) Fits7	h) Sudden excruciating pain8		
	i) High fever with rigor9	j) Others (specify)10		
8.	Did she seek care for these symptoms?	Yes	Go to Q •10	
9.	Where did she seek care?			
	a) Sub Health Centre1	b) PHC2		
	c) CHC3	d) District Hospital4		
	e) Pvt. Hospital/clinic5	f) Quack6		
	g) Don't know7	h) Not applicable8	Go to	
	i) Others, (specify)9	Module II	
10.	What were the reasons for not seeking	care? (Multiple responses possible)		
	a) Severity of complication not known1	b) Health facility was very far2		
	c) Lack of transport3	d) Financial reasons4		
	e) Family reasons5	f) Faith in local healers / dai6		
	g) Disrespectful behaviour of the providers7	h) Beliefs and customs8		
	i) Others (Specify)9			

Note: Education status categories may be as: a. Illiterate b. up to 5^{th} st c. 5^{th} to 8^{th} st d. 8^{th} to 12^{th} st e. completed 12^{th} st f. Graduate g. Others (Specify......)

MODULE - II

This module is to be filled for the maternal deaths that occurred during the antenatal period or if the deaths due to abortion related causes.

VI	No. of weeks of pregnancy completed at the time of death? (Help the respondent in estimating weeks of pregnancy)	weeks	If less than 6 weeks go to sub section VIII	
VII	Death during Antenatal Period			
1.	What was the problem that the deceased woman had at the time of death?			
2.	What were the symptoms?	t were the symptoms?		
	a) Head ache1	b) Edema2		
	c) Anemia3	d) High blood pressure4		
	e) Bleeding p/v5	f) No foetal movements6		
	g) Fits	h) Sudden excruciating pain8		
	i) High fever with rigor9	j) Others (specify)10		
3.	Was she referred at that time?	Yes	Go to Q 6	
4.	Did she seek care for these complications?	Yes1 No2	If yes, fill the table no. 1 for referral transport If no skip to Q 6	
5.	If yes, where did she seek care?		_	
	a) PHC1	b) CHC2	6-1-5-	
	c) District Hospital3	d) Pvt. Hospital/clinic4	Go to Sec VIII	
	e) Quack5	f) Don't know6		
	g) Others, (specify	_)7		

6.	In case of not seeking care from the not seeking care (Multiple responses		
	a) Severity of complication not known1	b) Health facility was very far2	
	c) Lack of transport3	d) Financial reasons4	
	e) Family reasons5	f) Faith in local healers / dai6	
	g) Beliefs and customs7	h) Disrespectful behaviour of the providers8	
	i) Others (Specify)9		
VIII	Abortion related Death		
1	Did the deceased woman (name) die while having an abortion or within 6 weeks after having an abortion?	Yes	
2	Type of abortion	a) Spontaneous	If induced Go to Q. 5
3	Date of spontaneous abortion/ date of termination of pregnancy	DD/ MM/YYYY	
4	If the abortion was spontaneous, where was the abortion completed?		Go to Q 9
	a) Home1	b) PHC2	
	c) CHC3	d) DH4	
	e) Private hospital/clinic5	f) Don't know6	
	g) Others (Specify)7	
5	If the abortion was induced, how was it induced?	a) Oral Medicine	
6	If the abortion was induced, where did she have the abortion?		
	a) Home1	b) PHC2	
	c) CHC3	d) DH4	
	e) Private hospital/clinic5	f) Don't know6 g) Others (Specify)7	
7	If the abortion was induced, who performed the abortion?		
	a) Allopathic Doctor1	b) AYUSH doctor2	
	c) Nurse3	d) Quack4	
	e) Dai5	f) Don't know6	
	g) Other (Specify)7	

8a	What was the reason for inducing abortion?	a) Medical Condition/Bleeding started spontaneously1	
		b)Wanted to terminate the pregnancy2	
		c) Don't know3	
8b	Describe the reasons for inducing the abortion		
9	What were the complications/ syn abortion?	nptoms that the woman had after	
	a) High fever1	b) Foul smelling discharge2	
	c) Bleeding3	d) Shock4	
	e) None5	f) Don't know6	
10	After developing complications	Yes1	0010
	following abortion, did she seek care?	No2	Go to Q 12
		Not applicable3	
11	If yes, where did she seek care?		If the
	a) SHC1	b) PHC2	is any
	c) CHC3	d) DH4	facility,
	e) Private hospital/clinic5	f) Quack6	also fill the table
	g) Don't know7	h) Others	1below for
		(Specify)8	referral transport
12	In case of not seeking care from the hospital, what were the reasons for not seeking care		
	j) Severity of complication not known1	k) Health facility was very far2	
	l) Lack of transport3	m) Financial reasons4	
	n) Family reasons5	o) Faith in local healers / dai6	
	p) Beliefs and customs7	q) Disrespectful behaviour of the providers8	
	r) Others (Specify		

Please fill the table below for the details on transport, referral and type of care given Table 1 Home/ Facility 3 Facility 1 Facility 2 Village Date (DD/MM/YY) Time of onset of complication or onset of labour Time of calling/arrival of transport Transport used Name of Facility/ Level Facility 3 Facility 1 Facility 2 of roformal Time to reach Money spent on transport Reason for referral Referral slip (given or not) Treatment given Money spent on treatment/ medicine/ diagnostics Time spent in facility

MODULE - III

This module is to be filled for the maternal deaths that occurred during delivery or if the death occurred during postnatal period (after delivery of

placenta)

IX	INTRANATAL SERVICES		
1	Place of delivery		In case of
	a) Home1	b) SHC2	institution delivery
	c) PHC3	d) CHC4	also fill table 2 after
	e) DH5	f) Private hospital6	completion of this form
	g) Transit7	h) Don't know8	
	i) Others (Specify)9	
2	In case of home delivery, what were	the reasons for home delivery?	Skip in case
	a) Family's preference	b) Village Dai is good2	of non-home delivery
	c) No transport facilities	d) Cost of transport is high4	denvery
	e) No information given about need for institutional delivery		
	g) High expenses	7 h) Bad experience at institution8	
	i) No complication so no need	j) Home is more comfortable10	
	k) Others (Specify)11	
3	No. of completed pregnancy weeks at time of delivery	weeks	
4	Date and Time of delivery	Date: Time:am/pm	
5	Date and Time of death	Date: Time:_ am/pm	
6	Who conducted the delivery?		
	a) Allopathic doctor	b) AYUSH doctor2	
	c) ANM	d) Staff nurse4	
	e) Dai	f) Quack6	
	g) Relatives	h) Don't know8	
	i) Others (specify		
7	Type of delivery		
	a) Normal	1 b) C- section2	
	c) Assisted	d) Unattended4	
	e) Don't know		

8	Outcome of the delivery	Live births	Still births	
	(write numbers in each column) Or not applicable if not delivered	Live births	Still bil tils	_
	but died in labour	<u> </u>		
9	What were the complications that the during labour/ delivery?	e deceased woman	(name) had	
	a) Prolonged labour (Primi>12 hrs / Subsequent deliveries >8 hrs)1	b) Severe bleeding with clots- (one skirt soaked =5	saree/in	
	c) Labour pain which disappeared suddenly3	d)Inversion of the		
	e) Retained placenta5	f) Convulsions	6	
	g) Severe breathlessness /cyanosis/ edema7	h)Unconsciousne	ess8	
	i) High fever9	j) Not applicable.	10	
	k)Other (specify)	11	
10a	In case of institutional delivery,	a) Received IV dr	ip1	
	what was the treatment provided at	b) Blood transfus	•	
	the health facility?	c) Oxygen was gi	ven3	
		d) Don't know	4	
		e) Others		
10b	See the hospital records if available a	(specify		
	received.			
10c	Any information given to the relatives about the nature of complication from the hospital	Yes		If no, Go to Q
10d	If yes, please describe			
10e	Was there any delay in initiating treatment	Yes No Not known Not Applicable	2	Go to Q 12
10f	If yes, please describe			Go to Q 12
11a	In case of home delivery, did the woman seek care?	Yes No		If yes, Go to Q11c

11b	In case of not seeking care, what were care	Go to Sec X	
	a) Severity of complication not known1	b) Health facility was very far2	
	c) Lack of transport3	d) Financial reasons	
	e) Family reasons5	f) Faith in local healers / dai6	
	g) Beliefs and customs7	h) Disrespectful behaviour of the providers8	
	i) Others (Specify)9	
11c	Where did she seek care?		
	a) SHC1	b) PHC2	
	c) CHC3	d) DH4	
	e) Private hospital5	f) Quack6	
	g) Don't know7	h) Others (Specify)8	
11d	Any information given to the relatives about the nature of complication by the care provider?	Yes	If no, Go to Q 11f
11e	If yes, please describe		
11f	Was there any delay in initiating treatment	Yes	Go to Q 12
11g	If yes, please describe		
12	Was the deceased woman referred – from the place of delivery in case of institutional delivery	Yes	
13	In case of home delivery, was the deceased woman referred from first point of seeking care for complication?	Yes	
14	Did she attend the referral centre?	Yes	Also fill table 2 given below for information on referrals

15	In case of not seeking care from the for not seeking care		
	s) Severity of complication not known1	t) Health facility was very far2	
	u) Lack of transport3	v) Financial reasons4	
	w) Family reasons5	x) Faith in local healers / dai6	
	y) Beliefs and customs	z) Disrespectful behaviour of the providers8	
	aa) Others (Specify)9	
16	Any information given to the relatives about the nature of complication from the hospital	Yes1 No2	If no, Go to Q.18
17	If yes, please describe		
18	Was there any delay in initiating treatment	Yes 1 No 2 Don't know 3 Not Applicable 4	Go to Sec XI
19	If yes, please describe		
X	POST NATAL PERIOD		
1	Did the deceased woman (name) have any problem following delivery	Yes	Go to Q 10
2a	Date and time of onset of the problem	Date - DD _/MM / YYYY Time:	
2b	Duration of onset of problem after delivery	hrs days	

3	What was the problem during post		
	a) Severe bleeding1	b) High fever and foul smelling discharge2	
	c) Unconsciousness/visual disturbance3	d) Bleeding from multiple sites4	
	e) Severe leg pain, swelling5	f) Abnormal behaviour6	
	g) Severe anemia7	h) Sudden chest pain & collapse8	
	i) Don't know9	j) Others (Specify)10	
4	Did she seek treatment	Yes1 No2	If yes, also fill table 2 If no Go to Q No. 7
5	If yes, where did she seek treatmen	t	
	a) SHC1	b) PHC2	
	c) CHC3	d) DH4	
	e) Private hospital/clinic5	f) Quack6	
	g) Don't know7	h) Others (Specify)8	
6a	What was the treatment provided at the health facility?	a) Received IV drip	
6b	See the hospital records if available received.		
7	Was she referred?	Yes	If no, Go to Q.10
	Did she attend the referral center?	Yes	If yes, also fill table 2
9	In case of not seeking care from the for not seeking care	hospital, what were the reasons	
	a) Severity of complication not known	b) Health facility was very far2	
	c) Lack of transport	d) Financial reasons4	
	e) Family reasons	f) Faith in local healers / dai6	
	g) Beliefs and customs	7 h) Disrespectful behaviour of the providers8	
	i) Others (Specify		

		Home/ Village	Facility 1	Facility 2	Facility 3	
given		ow for the deta		ort, referral and ty	pe of care	
Dlag	e) Quack		La outanne	Canaife.	<u>.</u>	
	c) ASHA		+ -	d) Dai4 f) Don't know6		
	a) Doctor	1	b) ANM	b) ANM2		
12	Who did the post	natal check ups				
11	No. of post natal correceived	heck ups				
10	Did she receive an check ups	y postnatal		2		

Table 2	Home/ Village	Facility 1	Facility 2	Facility 3
Date (DD/MM/YY)				
Time of onset of complication or onset of labour				
Time of calling/ arrival of transport				
Transport used				
Name of Facility/ Levelof referral		Facility 1	Facility 2	Facility 3
Time to reach				
Money spent on transport				
Reason for referral				
Referral slip (given or not)				
Treatment given				
Money spent on treatment/ medicine/ diagnostics				
Time spent in facility				

XI. Open history (Narrative format) (explore)
XII. According to you, what could have been done to prevent the death of the deceased mother?

MDR Case Summary

MCTS ID Name _ Age:			Religion:	Religion:		Caste:	
Place of Residence:			Native Place	Native Place:			
				,			
DD MM	YYYY	At	H H : M M	AM/PM			
Pregnancy	within 6 w	eeks	In labour or du	ring Delivery	Within 1 week after delivery		7- 42 days after Delivery
Gravida	Para		Previous A	abortions	Infant outco	me	Number of alive children
			Spontaneous	Induced			
Date of interview	Interview- second v	-2 (if isit	N:	ame and contact	details of main	respoi	ndents:
	Place of Reside DD MM Pregnancy Gravida Date of	Place of Residence: DD MM YYYY Pregnancy During within 6 w of aborti Gravida Para Date of interview second v	Place of Residence: DD MM Y Y Y Y At Pregnancy During or within 6 weeks of abortion Gravida Para Date of Date of	Place of Residence: DD MM Y Y Y At H H M M	Place of Residence: Native Place Place of Residence: Native Place Native Place Native Place Native Place In labour or during Delivery Within 6 weeks of abortion Gravida Para Previous Abortions Spontaneous Induced Name and contact interview Interview-2 (if second visit	Place of Residence: Native Place: DD MM Y Y Y At H H MM AM/PM	Place of Residence: Native Place: Native Place:

1. Delay in seeking care Unawareness of danger signs ➡ Illiteracy & Ignorance Delay in decision making No birth preparedness Beliefs and customs Lack of assured services Unawareness about services available in nearby facility Any other, specify_____ Delay in reaching health facility Delay in getting transport for first facility Delay in mobilizing funds Not reaching appropriate/ referral facility in time Difficult terrain Any other, specify__ Delay in receiving adequate care in facility Delay in initiating treatment Substandard treatment in hospital Lack of blood, equipments and drugs Lack of adequate funds Any other, specify_

	ANNEXURES	9 1
Probable direct obstetric cause of death	c	
ndirect obstetric cause of death:		_
Contributory causes of death:		_
Initiatives suggested:		_
Name and designation of investig	gation team:	
1. Name:	Designation:	
2. Name:	Designation:	
3. Name:	Designation:	

Signatures and Name of Block Medical Officer/Facility Nodal Officer (with stamp)

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