

International Institute of Health Management Research Delhi

Term Exam (Batch- 2017-19)

Programme Planning Implementation Monitoring and Evaluation (HEM-705)

Total marks: 70

Duration: 3hrs

Answer Section A in question paper itself and attach with the answer sheet. Otherwise Section A will not be evaluated at all.

Section A

(1*10 = 10 marks)

Q1) Systematic gathering, analysis and reporting of data about a program to assist in decision making is called as

- a) Evaluation
- c) Ascertain

- b) Comparison
- d) None of the above

Q2) Health planning involves

- a) identifying unmet needs
- c) defining goals

- b) defining health problems
- d) all of them

Q3) Evaluation which determines the net causal effects of the program beyond its immediate results is called as

- a) process evaluation
- d) net evaluation

- b) effect evaluation
- d) impact evaluation

Q4) Health program planning cycle is _____ in nature.

- a) straight
- c) irregular

- b) cyclic
- d) none of the above

Q5) In stakeholder analysis, people who should be fully engage are those who have _____

- a) low power and low interest
- c) low power and low interest

- b) high power and high interest
- d) none of the above

Q6) Causes identified in problem tree analysis becomes _____ in objective tree analysis

Q7) Planning takes place at all levels of health systems.

Yes / No

Q 8) An intervention is usually based on a particular problem or need that is to be dealt with

Yes / No

Q 9) Budgeting of the project can be done before activity scheduling

Yes / No

Q 10) Gantt chart is also referred as the progress chart

Yes / No

Section B

(5*5 = 25 marks)

Q 11) Briefly explain the importance of “assumptions” in log frame matrix?

Q 12) Differentiate between “output” and “outcome” by giving an example.

Q 13) Write any two advantages and disadvantages of Logframe approach.

Q 14) Why health program planning cycle is cyclic in nature?

Q 15) Briefly explain any three criteria used for prioritizing health problems.

Section C

(35 marks)

- Q16) Explain the role of “situation analysis” in current national health policy by elaborating on any three evidences which have emerged out of it. (15 marks)
- Q 17) A NGO is implementing a project with the main purpose/objective of “Reducing Violence against Women” in Bihar with the overall goal/impact of women wellbeing. Keeping this in mind, anticipate the possible problems and draw a problem and objective tree analysis. (10 marks)
- Q 18) Explain the different steps involved in the planning cycle. (10 marks)