

International Institute of Health Management Research Delhi

Term Exam (Batch- 2016-18)

Programme Planning Implementation Monitoring and Evaluation (HEM-705)

Total marks: 70

Duration: 3hrs

Answer MCQs in question paper itself and attach with the answer sheet. Questions answered in answer sheet will not be evaluated at all.

SECTION A

(10*2 = 20 marks)

Q1) Strategic and operational planning for a national programme is a

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|-------------------------|--------------------|
| a) simple process | b) linear process |
| c) input-output process | d) complex process |

Q2) Objectives which are defined for any health intervention helps in clarifying the

- a) tasks/activities which needs to be done
- b) could provide a means of tracking an intervention's progress
- c) Both (a) and (b)
- d) None of the above

Q3) Which shows the reporting relationships and communications channels for a project?

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|----------------------------------|---|
| a) timeline breakdown structure. | b) responsibility assignment structure. |
| c) product breakdown structure | d) none of the above |

Q4) A Gantt chart is used to show a project timeline in a

- | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| a) diagrammatically fashion | b) logical fashion |
| c) both (a) and (b) | d) none of the above |

Q5) A broad statement about the long-term expectation of what should happen as a result of your program (the desired result) is called as _____

Q6) OVI in logical framework approach stands for _____

Q7) In an objective tree _____ becomes means and _____ become ends

Q8) Elaborate SMART _____

Q9) Programmes with strong monitoring and evaluation components tend to stay on track.

True/False

Q10) Community assessment typically occurs before the development of a program or policy

True/False

SECTION B
(8*5 = 40 MARKS)

- Q 11) Differentiate between monitoring and evaluation
- Q 12) Discuss the four criteria which can be used to rank/ prioritize the health problem
- Q 13) Briefly explain why CPM (Critical Path Method) is an important component of any program planning?
- Q 14) 'Health program planning process itself requires preparation'. Comment on the statement.
- Q 15) Write any two importance of Logframe Matrix.
- Q16) Why do you think 'health planning' is a cyclic process?
- Q17) What is the horizontal and vertical logic in Log Frame Matrix?
- Q18) By giving an example, differentiate between "outcome" and "output" indicators

SECTION C
(40 MARKS)

- Q19) What do you understand by situation analysis? Highlight any three significance/importance of situation analysis in health program planning. (10 marks)
- Q 20) Explain why 'problem tree analysis' is important in program planning? Draw a problem and objective tree for following: (15 marks)

'poor attendance at clinic was identified as the focal problem. The immediate cause was 'no drugs'.

You need to think of subsequent causes and draw a problem tree as well as objective tree.

- Q 21) The main purpose/objective of a project intervention is "to provide safe drinking water to people residing in the villages". The intervention will be implemented at the block level. Your task is to think and enlist (i) all the possible stakeholders and (ii) map them on "interest & power" matrix.

(15 marks)