

**Post Graduate Diploma in Management (Hospital & Health Management)**  
**PGDM – 2022-24 Batch**

**Term – 2<sup>nd</sup> Year - 4<sup>th</sup> Term Examinations**

**Course & Code** : NGO Management-HEM-701

**Reg. No.** :

**Term & Batch** : IV, 2022-24

**Date** : September 18, 2023

**Duration** : 3 Hrs.

**Max. Marks** : 70

**Instructions:**

- Budget your time as per the marks given for each question and write your answer accordingly.
- Don't write anything on the Question Paper except writing your Registration No.
- Mobile Phones are not allowed even for computations.

**Part A: Attempt all questions.**

**10X1=10 marks**

**Q.1 Choose the correct answer in the given options**

(A) NGO stands for \_\_\_\_\_ organization.

(i) non-governmental, (ii) Governmental, (iii) Semi-governmental, (iv) None of these

(B) NGOs are \_\_\_\_\_ governing and not controlled by the government.

(i) Government, (ii) Self, (iii) Outside agency, (iv) Another organization

(C) The trust can be registered under the Indian Trust Act \_\_\_\_\_.

(i) 1882, (ii) 1860, (iii) 1970, (iv) 1945

(D) Donors can donate to an NGO enjoying exemption under a section \_\_\_\_\_ of the Income Tax Act.

(i) 70 F, (ii) 90 G, (iii) 80 G, (iv) 75 G

(E) The NGO operating within the country could be termed as \_\_\_\_\_.

(i) State NGO, (ii) International NGO, (iii) National NGO, (iv) Multinational NGO

(F) In the absence of the General Secretary, \_\_\_\_\_ shall enjoy all powers and duties in the NGO sector.

(i) President, (ii) Vice-President, (iii) Secretary, (iv) Treasurer

(G) Which is **not** the characteristic of good governance in the NGO sector?

(i) Transparency, (ii) Accountability, (iii) Non-participatory management, (iv) Consultative process

**Contd...2..**

(H) Surplus or profits revenue of NGO are \_\_\_\_\_.

(i) Not distributed among members, (ii) Distributed among members, (iii) Give to the president, (iv) Give to the General Secretary.

(I) Good financial management does **not** involve the following building blocks.

i) Keeping Records, ii) Internal Control, iii) External Control, iv) Budgeting

(J) Which NGO is **not** an example of an intergovernmental organization (IGO)?

(i) WTO, (ii) UN, (iii) WHO, (iv) Plan International

**Part B: Attempt any four questions.**

**4X5=20 marks**

**Q. 2 Write short notes on the following:**

(I) Define NGO and discuss different categories of NGOs working in society.

(II) Describe various features of NGOs.

(III) What is the Foreign Contribution Regulation Act (FCRA)? Explain the different types of FCRA registration available in India.

(IV) What are the different approaches adopted to managing an NGO?

(V) What is Mother NGO in the context of NHM?

**Part C: Attempt any four questions.**

**4X10=40 marks**

**Q.3 Write long notes on the following:**

(A) Explain about NGOs working in different fields in India.

(B) Describe the different powers and functions of the Trustees in an Organization.

(C) What is accountability in the NGO sector?

(D) Discuss various functions of NGOs in the Health System in India.

(E) What is Public Private Partnership and discuss various PPP types available in the healthcare system?