Report on Dissertation Work

at

Yatharth Superspeciality Hospital, Greater Noida

Study on Turnaround time at Emergency Department, Yatharth Superspeciality Hospital, Greater Noida

By

Dr. Shivi Sabbarwal

PG/21/100

Under the guidance of:

Dr. Rohini Ruhil (IIHMR, Delhi) **Ms. Sushmita Singh (IPD Manager)**

Post graduate Diploma in Hospital and Health management

Batch: 2021 - 2023





(Completion of Dissertation from respective organization)

The certificate is awarded to

Name: DR SHIVI SABBARWAL

in recognition of having successfully completed his/her Internship in the department of

and has successfully completed his/her Project on

Title of the Project

Date 1 05 2023

Organization YATHARTH SUPERSPECT ALITY HOSPITAL

He/She comes across as a committed, sincere & diligent person who has a strong drive & zeal for learning

We wish him/her all the best for future endeavors.

Zonal Head-Human

A Unit Of Yatharth Hospital & Trauma Care Services Pvt Ltd.

Training & Development

YATHARTH WELLNESS HOSPITAL AND TRAUMA CENTRE

NH-32 & HO-01 Sector Omega 1, Greater Noida, Uttar Pradesh - 201308.India 🖎 admin@yatharthhospitals.com 🥷 www.yatharthhospitals.com

Home Collection Facility Available within 10 Km Call 8800550054



TO WHOMSOEVER IT MAY CONCERN

This is to certify that **Dr Shivi Sabbarwal** student of Post Graduate Diploma In Hospital and Health management (PGDHM) from International Institute of Health Management Research, New Delhi has undergone dissertation training at Yatharth Superspeciality Hospitals, Greater Noida from 1 March 2023 to 1 May 2023.

The candidate has successfully carried out the study designated to her during dissertation and her approach to the study has been sincere and analytical.

The internship is in fulfillment of the course requirements.

We wish her all the success in all her future endeavors.

Dr. Sumesh Kumar

Associate Dean, Academic and Student Affairs

IIHMR, New Delhi

7-03-01-23

Dr. Rohini Ruhil Associate Professor IIHMR, New Delhi

Certificate of Approval

The following dissertation titled "Study on turnaround time in Emergency
Department" at "Superspeciality hospital at Greater Noida" is hereby approved as a
certified study in management carried out and presented in a manner satisfactorily to
warrant its acceptance as a prerequisite for the award of PGDM (Hospital & Health
Management) for which it has been submitted. It is understood that by this approval
the undersigned do not necessarily endorse or approve any statement made, opinion
expressed or conclusion drawn therein but approve the dissertation only for the
purpose it is submitted.

Dissertation Examination Committee for evaluation of dissertation.

Signature

de

Certificate from Dissertation Advisory Committee

This is to certify that Dr. Shivi Sabbarwal, a graduate student of the PGDM (Hospital & Health Management) has worked under our guidance and supervision. She is submitting this dissertation titled "Study on TAT in Emergency Department" at "Yatharth Superspeciality Hospital, Greater Noida" in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the PGDM (Hospital & Health Management).

This dissertation has the requisite standard and to the best of our knowledge no part of it has been reproduced from any other dissecution, managraph, report or book.

Institute Mentor Name,

Designation,

Organization

Organization Mentor Name

Designation,

Organization

INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF HEALTH MANAGEMENT RESEARCH, NEW DELHI

CERTIFICATE BY SCHOLAR

This is to certify that the dissertation titled "Study on TAT in Emergency Department at Yatharth Superspeciality Hospital, Greater Noida" and submitted by Dr. Shivi Sabbarwal. Enrollment No. – PG/21/100 under the supervision of Dr. Rohini Ruhil for award of PGDM (Hospital & Health Management) of the Institute carried out during the period from 2021 to 2023embodies my original work and has not formed the basis for the award of any degree, diploma associate ship, fellowship, titles in this or any other Institute or other similar institution of higher learning.

Signature

Annexure F

FEEDBACK FORM

Name of the Student: DR. SHIVI SABBARWAL

Name of the Organisation in Which Dissertation Has Been Completed:

YATHARTH SUPERSPECIALITY MOSPITAL, GREATER NOIDA

Area of Dissertation: EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT.

Attendance: 100%

Objectives achieved: REDUCTION IN TURNAROUD TIME.

IMPROVEMENT OF WORKFLOW PROCESS

Deliverables: IN EMERGENICY DEPARTMENT.

Strengths: SINCERE, PUNCTUAL, DEDICATED, RESULT-ORIENTED

Suggestions for Improvement:

Suggestions for Institute (course curriculum, industry interaction, placement, alumni):

Signature of the Officer-in-Charge/Organisation Mentor (Dissertation)

Date:

Place: GREATER NOISA

Dissertation Writing

Acknowledgemen	t
----------------	---

The success and final outcome of this project required lot of guidance and assistance from many people and I am extremely thankful to have got this all along the completion of my project work. I owe a great debt to all the project guide(s) at, Yatharth hospitals, Greater Noida for providing me all support with their knowledge and time during my dissertation. I express my sincere gratitude and thanks to **Mr. Shirish Kumar Vaz – Zonal H.R** for his valuable guidance and co-operation in my endeavor.

I am highly grateful to **Dr. Rohini Ruhil**, Associate Professor, IIHMR Delhi for her suggestions and encouragement during the project work.

I would like to thank Ms. Sushmita Singh, for her valuable guidance in this project.

I am also very thankful to all the member of **Opeartions and staff of ER Department** Yatharth Superspeciality Hospitals, Greater Noida for helping me and providing me all the necessary information which helped me in completion of my project work on time.

WIIICI	which helped life in completion of my project work on time.				
	~ Dr. Shivi Sabbarwal				

Table of Content

Chapter	Chapter	
No.	Name	
1.0	About Yatharth Hospital, Greater Noida	
2.0	Introduction	
2.1	Workflow of ER in YSSH	
3.0	Objective	
4.0	Review of Literature	
5.0	Analysis	
6.0	Discussion	
7.0	Conclusion	
8.0	Bibliography	

List of Figures

Figure	
Fig 2.1 Workflow of ER at Yatharth Hospital	
Fig 5.1 Category of patients admitted in ER	
Fig 5.2 TAT of assessing patients in ER	
Fig.5.3 Duration of transferring patients from ER	
Fig 3.3 Total time of transferring patients to different areas	

List of Tables

Table			
able 5.5 Overall factors associated with delay in TAT			

List of Symbols and Abbreviation

ABBREVIATION	MEANING	
1.YSSH	Yatharth Superspeciality Hospital	
2. IPD	In-Patient Department	
3. OPD	Out-Patient Department	
4. ICU	Intensive Care Unit	
5. ER	Emergency department	
6. CCU	Critical Care Unit	
7. MRD	Medical Records Department	
8. ER	Emergency Room	
9. TAT	Turnaround Time	
10. TMS	Time Motion Study	
11.PSU	Public Sector Undertaking	
12. TPA	Third Part Administration	
13. IP Billing	In-patient Billing	

1.0About Yatharth Superspecialty Hospitals



GREATER NOIDA



NOIDA



NOIDA EXTENSION



JHANSI

Yatharth Superspeciality Hospital, Greater Noida



Operational From 2010

400 Bedded Tertiary care Hospital

4th Ed., HCO standards, NABH Accredited since March 2010

NABL Accredited since June 2022

MISSION

• Committed to deliver personalized care to improve the well-being of patients and communities we serve.

VISION

• To evolve as the most preferred destination for quality healthcare that provides a comprehensive range of services.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Dr. Ajay Tyagi (CHAIRMAN)



Dr. Kapil Tyagi (MANAGING DIRECTOR)



Mr. Yatharth Tyagi (DIRECTOR)



Mr. Amit Singh (GROUP CEO)



Dr. Sunil Kumar (AMD)

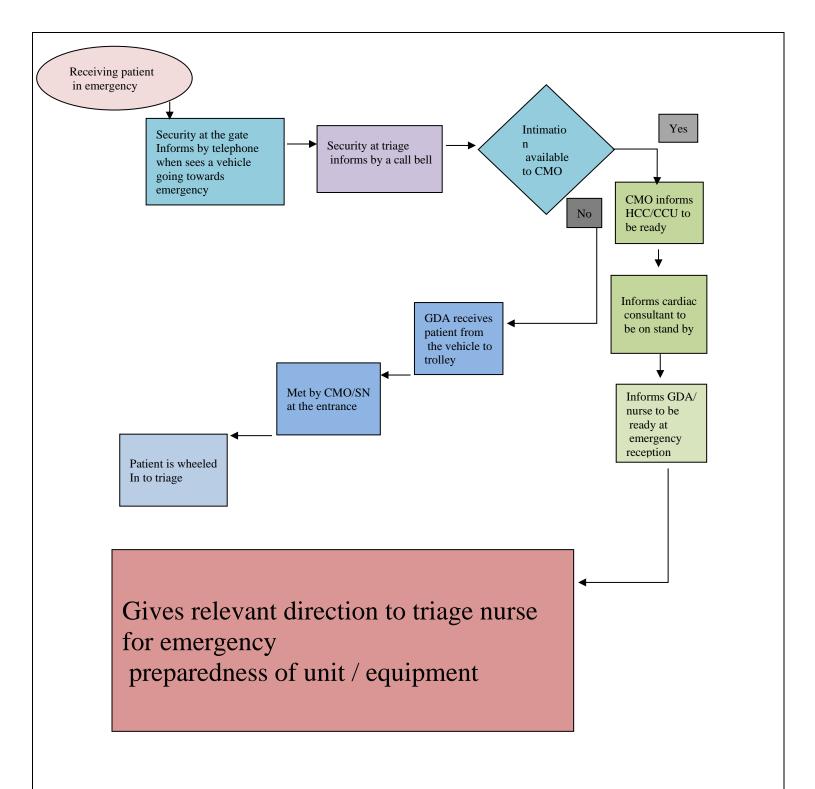
	<u>Core Values</u>	
Teamwork		
Integrity		
Responsibility		
Compassion		
Patient Satisfactio	n	
Pursuit of Exceller	ice	

2.0 Introduction

Study on Turnaround time in Emergency Department of Yatharth Superspeciallity Hospital, Greater Noida.

- This study is primarily focused on the Emergency department of Yatharth Superspeciality Hospital which includes data from the arrival of patients to the discharge or transfer of the patients to the referred departments.
- Emergency medical care can cut down fatality rates, improve treatment outcomes, reduce time, and optimize treatment costs for many patients. That is why an emergency room or ER is very important part of any hospital.
- Emergency Department overcrowding has become a global problem and safety and quality concern. The primary goal of the emergency services are to minimize mortality, and longer-term morbidity, quality of life and mortality.
- <u>Turnaround time</u> is the amount of time it takes to complete a process. Turnaround time is the time from a process is started to the time when the process is complete.





2.1 WORKFLOW OF RECEIVING PATIENTS IN ER OF YATHATH HOSPITAL

3.0 OBJECTIVE
To understand the workflow process of ER department in Superspeciality Hospital.
To monitor turnaround time and waiting time in the Emergency Room.

4.0 Literature Review

TAT in hospital emergency departments (EDs) is critical to patient treatment, satisfaction, and overall operational efficiency. TAT reduction is critical for providing immediate and effective medical care, reducing patient waiting time, and utilizing the resources. The purpose of this literature review is to review existing research on TAT in the ED, identify major factors influencing TAT, and provide understanding and interventions used for improving TAT. A comprehensive review of electronic databases such as PubMed and Google Scholar was done. The terms used in the search were "turnaround time," "emergency department," "hospital," "efficiency," "patient flow" .The review covered articles published between 2005 and 2021.

Important Findings:

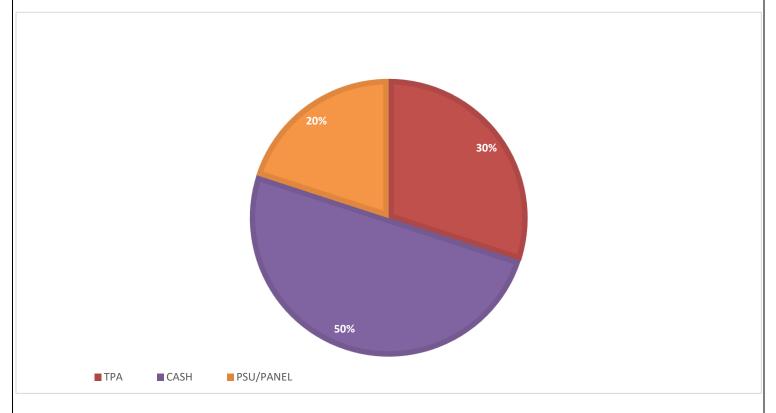
- 1. Turnaround Time Influencing Factors:
- Patient-related factors include disease severity and attention level.

TAT is affected by process-related factors such as diagnostic test availability, consultation and treatment wait times, and bed availability.

- Staffing and resource-related factors: TAT is influenced by adequate staffing numbers and the availability of resources.
- 2. Impact of Improved Turnaround Time:
- Reduced patient waiting time: Improved TAT results in decreased waiting times, which leads to improved patient satisfaction and outcomes.
- Efficient TAT improves resource allocation and reduces ED overcrowding.
- Patient safety and care quality: Prompt TAT ensures timely interventions, lowers medical errors, and enhances patient safety.

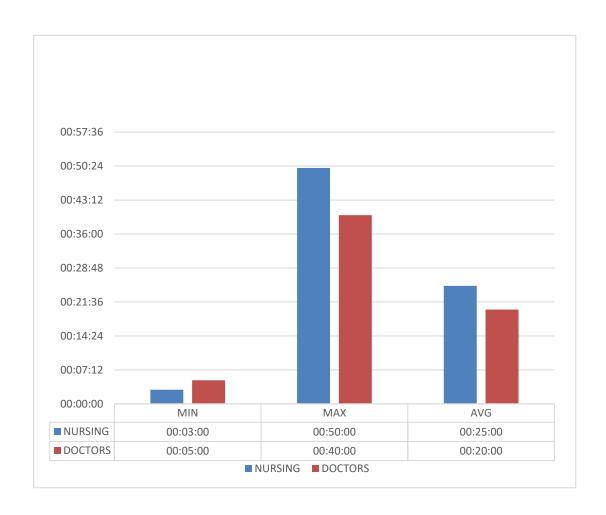
5.0 Analysis and Discussion

5.1 Category of patients admitted in ER



CATEGORY	CASH	TPA	PSU/PANEL	
PERCENT	50%	30%.	20%	

5.2 TAT of assessing patients in ER



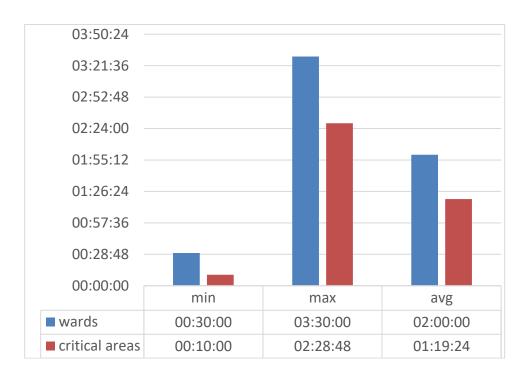
The minimum turnaround time of 5 minutes suggests that some patients can be promptly assessed by doctors upon arrival in the ER. The maximum turnaround time of 40 minutes indicates that there are cases where the assessment process by doctors can take longer, potentially due to factors such as the complexity of the patient's condition, the need for additional diagnostic tests, or waiting for specialist consultations.

5.3 Duration of transferring out patients from ER



The Emergency department (ER) has a minimum waiting time of 45 minutes, a maximum wait time of 4 hours and 20 minutes (4:22:00), and an average wait time of 2 hours 33 minutes and 30 seconds (02:33:30). The range of transfer times, from 45 minutes to 4 hours and 22 minutes, illustrates significant variability in the time it takes to move patients out of the ER.

5.4 Total time for transferring patients to Different areas



• WARDS

The minimum transfer time of 30 minutes shows that some patients can be transferred to the wards rapidly. The maximum transfer time of 3 hours and 30 minutes suggests that the transfer process may take longer in some situations, due to factors such as bed availability, cooperation with ward staff, or administrative processes.

• CRITICAL AREAS

The minimum transfer time of 10 minutes suggests that some patients requiring critical care can be rapidly transferred to the critical areas. The maximum transfer time of 2 hours 28 minutes indicates that in certain situations, the transfer process to critical areas can be more time-consuming, potentially due to factors such as critical care bed availability, specialized equipment setup, or intensive care team coordination.

5.5 Overall factors associated with delay in TAT

DOCTORS	 UNAVAILIBILTY OF DOCTORS(CONSULTANT) RTA/MLC CASES. MASS CASUALITY
NURSING	COMMUNICATION FAILURE BETWEEN NURSING AND OTHER STAFF.
WARDS	 NO BED AVAILABILITY GDA/HK RELATED ISSUES
OPERATIONAL	 HIGH WAITING TIME FOR LIFTS. NON AVAILIBITY OF VENTILATORS. EQUIPMENT BREAKDOWN

6.0 Discussion

- Emergency rooms (ER) are an integral part of hospitals and medical care and provide the best medical or surgical care to patients arriving in need of emergency. ERs are the most critical and active department of a hospital. It consists of nurses, doctors, and physicians, who address medical issues.
 - After reviewing the data, it was discovered that the -
- Average time taken by a nurse to complete the assessment of a patient is <u>10 minutes</u>
- Average time taken by a doctor to complete the assessment of a patient in the emergency room is <u>13</u> minutes.
- TAT to transfer patient to critical areas is <u>30 minutes</u>.
- TAT to transfer patient to Wards is <u>1 hour.</u>
- TAT of Emergency Process is min <u>02 hour 33 minutes</u>, which give satisfactory outcome to the study.
- Yatharth Superspeciality Hospital is a 400 beded hospital that likely adheres to the emergency guidelines. It
 is critical to follow the guidelines for a hospital's smooth operation, and Yatharth Superspeciality Hospital
 doing good in order to provide patients with the level of Satisfaction.

7.0 Conclusion
the time spent on various activities in the emergency room of a hospital was documented to see workflow and waiting time of ER.
A satisfactory result was found after the study was done. In the ER, the staff were well-trained, and doctors were present while performing a wide range of activities in the ER, the turnaround time was also good.

8.0 Bibliography

- Journal of Health Organization and Management ISSN: 1477- Matthias Azzopardi, Marija Cauchi, Karl
 Cutajar, Robert Ellul, Charles Mallia-Azzopardi & Victor Grech BMC Research Notes volume 4, Article
 number: 421 (2011)https://bmcresnotes.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/1756-0500-4-421
- Ann Hendrich, RN, MSN, FAAN, Marilyn P Chow, DNSc, RN, FAAN, Boguslaw A Skierczynski, PhD, and Zhenqiang Lu, PhDhttps://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3037121/
- Chiara Dall'Ora 1, Peter Griffiths 2, Joanna Hope 3, Jim Briggs 4, Jones Jeremy 5, Stephen Gerry 6,
 Oliver C Redfern 7https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33812297/
- https://nabh.co/Images/PDF/Emergency_Brochure.pdf
- https://nabh.co/Emergency_Intro.aspx
- Dr. Bincy Pothen1, Mr.Shiv Shankar Tiwari2Dr. Bincy Pothen1, Mr.Shiv Shankar Tiwari2
- Mikayla Fieri; Nathan F. Ranney; Eric B. Schroeder; Eileen M. Van Aken; Amanda H.
 Stonehttps://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/5469650
- David Sinreich, Yariv Marmor
- 7266Article publication date: 1 April 2005

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/7641746_Ways_to_reduce_patient_turnaround_time_and_improve_service_quality_in_emergency_departments



INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF HEALTH MANAGEMENT RESEARCH (IIHMR)

Plot No. 3, Sector 18A, Phase- II, Dwarka, New Delhi- 110075 Ph. +91-11-30418900, www.iihmrdelhi.edu.in

CERTIFICATE ON PLAGIARISM CHECK

Name of Student (in block letter)	Dr/Mr./Ms.: SHIVI SABBARWAL		
Enrolment/Roll No.	PG/21/100	Batch Year	2021-2023
Course Specialization (Choose one)	Hospital Management	Health Management	Healthcare IT
Name of Guide/Supervisor	Dr/ Prof.: ROHINI RUHIL		
Title of the Dissertation/Summer Assignment	STUDY ON TOI EMERGENCY SUPERSPECTA	RNAROUND TIM DEPARTMENT LITY HOSPITA	E AT, YATHARTH L, GREATER NOIM
Plagiarism detects software used	"TURNITIN"		
Similar contents acceptable (%)	Up to 15 Percent as per policy		
Total words and % of similar contents Identified	13%		
Date of validation (DD/MM/YYYY)	01/07/2023		

Guide/S	upervisor
---------	-----------

Name: DR. ROHINI RUHIL

Signature: Ko

Report checked by

Institute Librarian

Signature: Date:

Library Seal

Student

Name: DR. SHIVI SABBARWAL

his Pabbamel

Dean (Academics and Student Affairs)

Signature:

Date:

(Seal)

Shivi D report

13 _% SIMILARITY INDEX	9% INTERNET SOURCES	3% PUBLICATIONS	10% STUDENT PAPERS
PRIMARY SOURCES			
Submitted to IIHMR University Student Paper			3
2 WWW.CO	oursehero.com		2
3 www.qu Internet Sou	ualityhealth.in		2
4 Submit	ted to IIHMR Del	hi	2
5 kauvery Internet Sou	hospital.com		2
	Submitted to University of North Texas Student Paper		
7 Submitted to John Paul College Student Paper			1
	eprints.usm.my Internet Source		
9 docsha			<1